

Financial Statements of

**EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED**

December 31, 2018

## **EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED**

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KPMG  
P.O. Box 493  
SIX Cricket Square  
Grand Cayman KY1-1106  
Cayman Islands  
Telephone +1 345 949 4800  
Fax +1 345 949 7164  
Internet [www.kpmg.ky](http://www.kpmg.ky)

## **Independent Auditors' Report to the Board of Directors**

### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of Edam Funding One Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, the statements of comprehensive income, changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "*Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### ***Emphasis of matter***

We draw attention to Notes 4, 6 and 11 to the financial statements, which describe that the Company's investment in Prospero CLO II B.V. and the corresponding limited liability recourse notes are valued at €Nil for the year ended December 31, 2018 and the Company will continue to be supported by Rabobank International with respect to any and all operating expenses it incurs. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



## Independent Auditors' Report to the Board of Directors (continued)

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In arriving at our audit opinion above on the financial statements the key audit matter that had most significance in our audit was as follows:

#### **Valuation of investments [€Nil (2017: €0)] and limited recourse notes [€Nil (2017: €0)]**

Refer to Notes 4, 5 and 11 to the financial statements.

##### **Description of key audit matter**

The Company held an investment for which no quoted market price is available. Unquoted investments are measured at fair value by management using modeled pricing data obtained from Cooperatieve Centrale Raiffeisen-Boerenleenbank B.A., trading as Rabobank International (the "Bank"). The Bank's valuation models take into account market credit and revaluation spreads, a review of instruments with similar characteristics, consideration of the credit quality of the reference portfolios and any recent transactions.

Limited recourse notes are measured at fair value by management using the Bank's valuation models used for the investments as well as the swap assets.

There is significant risk relating to the valuation of such instruments given the judgmental nature of the matters that require consideration by the Bank and management.

##### **How the matter was addressed in our audit**

Our procedures included:

- documenting and assessing the design and implementation of the valuation processes and controls in place;
- engaging our own valuation specialist to determine a range of possible fair values for the investments and limited recourse notes;
- comparing our fair value ranges to the Company's fair values and considering the differences identified; and
- considering the adequacy of fair value disclosures.

Based on our assessment of information obtained from our procedures, we concluded that judgments relating to the valuation of investments were reasonable.

### **Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.



## **Independent Auditors' Report to the Board of Directors (continued)**

### ***Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Lachlan Cornwell.

KPMG

March 26, 2019

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

### Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

	Note	2018	2017
<b>Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	18,986	18,115
Derivative financial instruments	4(d),9,11	-	-
Investments	4(d),11	-	-
<b>Total assets</b>		€ 18,986	18,115
<b>Liability and shareholder's equity</b>			
<b>Liability</b>			
Limited recourse notes	4(d),5,11	-	-
		-	-
<b>Shareholder's equity</b>			
Share capital	10	962	962
Retained earnings		18,024	17,153
		18,986	18,115
<b>Total liabilities and shareholder's equity</b>		€ 18,986	18,115

*See accompanying notes to financial statements.*

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors on March 26, 2019

Andrew Dean  
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Director

Melanie Whittaker  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Director

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

### Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

	Note	2018	2017
<b>Income</b>			
Interest income	4(d),7	-	126,764
Other interest income		47	45
Foreign exchange		824	(2,526)
		871	124,283
<b>Expense</b>			
Interest expense	5(c),7	-	126,764
		-	126,764
<b>Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments</b>			
Net gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments	8,9	-	(2,670)
Net gain on limited recourse notes	8	-	135,149
Net loss on investments	8	-	(132,479)
		-	-
<b>Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year</b>		€ 871	(2,481)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

### Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity

Year ended December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

		Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
<b>Balance at December 31, 2016</b>	€	962	19,634	20,596
Comprehensive loss for the year		-	(2,481)	(2,481)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2017</b>	€	962	17,153	18,115
Comprehensive income for the year		-	871	871
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	€	962	18,024	18,986

*See accompanying notes to financial statements.*



## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

### Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

	Note	2018	2017
<b>Cash provided by/ (applied in):</b>			
<b>Operating activities</b>			
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		871	(2,481)
Add/(deduct) items not involving cash:			
(loss)/gain on derivative			
financial instruments	8	-	2,670
Net gain on limited recourse notes		-	(135,149)
Net loss on investments		-	132,479
<b>Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year</b>		<b>871</b>	<b>(2,481)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		18,115	20,596
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	€	<b>18,986</b>	<b>18,115</b>
<b>Supplementary information on cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Interest received		47	126,764
Interest paid	€	-	126,764

*See accompanying notes to financial statements.*

# EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2018

*(stated in Euro)*

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## 1. Incorporation and background information

Edam Funding One Limited (“the Company”) was incorporated on April 30, 1999 as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of the Cayman Islands. The Ordinary Shares were issued to MaplesFS Limited under the terms of a Declaration of Trust on June 3, 1999.

The objectives for which the Company has been established are unlimited as set out in its Memorandum of Association. At December 31, 2018 and 2017 the principal activity of the Company is limited to the issuance of limited recourse instruments and the investment of the proceeds thereof as described below.

The Company issues various types of limited recourse notes (the “Notes”) in accordance with the terms of a US\$10,000,000,000 Limited Recourse Secured Note Programme (the “Programme”). The Programme involves substantial risks and is suitable only for sophisticated investors who have the knowledge and experience in financial and business matters necessary to enable them to evaluate the risks and the merits of an investment in the Notes. The Programme permits the Company and any other company which accedes to the Programme as an “Additional Issuer” to issue Notes denominated in any currency subject to a maximum aggregate principal amount of all Notes outstanding to the value of US\$10,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies at the time of agreement to issue).

Whilst the Programme is not rated, the Notes may or may not be rated, with respect to principal and coupon by rating agencies such as Standard & Poor’s Rating Services (“S&P”).

The performance of each series of Notes outstanding at December 31, 2018 and 2017 is linked to a reference portfolio by way of the Company entering into credit derivative transactions (usually credit default swaps). The reference portfolio usually comprises a basket of reference corporate names, asset backed securities or collateralised debt obligations, synthetically created collateralised debt obligations or a combination of such instruments.

The amount of principal and coupon that holders of any Notes outstanding at December 31, 2018 and 2017 shall receive on the maturity date (throughout the term of the Note) depends in part on whether credit events occur in relation to a reference portfolio. The Notes are not principal protected. Noteholders may lose, in part or in whole, amounts invested in the Notes as the result of a credit event occurring with respect to one or more reference entities/obligations within the reference portfolio.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018

(stated in Euro)

### 1. Incorporation and background information (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2018 the following notes were outstanding:

Notes	ISIN	Issued	Listed	S&P Rating* S&P Rating*	S&P Rating December 31, 2018
EUR 5,938,000 Limited Recourse Secured Instalment Notes due 2022 <sup>2)</sup> (the "Series 06-07 Notes")	XS0272209163	October 27, 2006	Euronext	AAA	N.A.

During the year ended December 31, 2017 the following notes were outstanding:

Notes	ISIN	Issued	Listed	S&P Rating* S&P Rating*	S&P Rating December 31, 2017
EUR 18,554,000 Limited Recourse Secured Instalment Notes due 2017 <sup>1)</sup> (the "Series 05-01 Notes")	XS0216053875	March 31, 2005	Euronext	AAA	Redeemed
EUR 5,938,000 Limited Recourse Secured Instalment Notes due 2022 <sup>2)</sup> (the "Series 06-07 Notes")	XS0272209163	October 27, 2006	Euronext	AAA	A+

<sup>1)</sup> Linked to subordinated notes issued by Prospero CLO I B.V.

<sup>2)</sup> Linked to subordinated notes issued by Prospero CLO II B.V.

\* This rating reflects that assigned on the issuance date based among other factors on the credit quality of the reference portfolio at the time of issue.

The proceeds from the issuance of Series 05-01 Notes were utilised by the Company to acquire Subordinated Notes of Prospero CLO I B.V. as a charged asset. During the year 2016, the investment in Subordinated Notes of Prospero CLO I B.V. was fully redeemed and the proceeds were used for repayment of Series 05-01 Notes. On March 21, 2017, Euro 2,669 was paid towards Series 05-01 as full and final settlement and as a result, Series 05-01 Notes are fully redeemed.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018

*(stated in Euro)*

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### 1. Incorporation and background information (continued)

The proceeds from the issuance of Series 06-07 Notes were utilised by the Company to acquire Subordinated Notes of Prospero CLO II B.V. as a charged asset. The investment in Prospero CLO II B.V. and corresponding Series 06-07 Notes has been fair valued at €nil as at December 31, 2018 and 2017. Management has determined that the likelihood of receiving further cashflows from these financial instruments is remote.

The Company has the capacity to issue new series of Notes for which the Charged Asset may be a financial instrument other than a Guaranteed Investment Certificate (the “GIC”) or a Credit Linked Deposit (the “CLD”) and the Charged Agreements may be agreements other than Credit Default Swaps. As referred to above, in order to gain exposure to a reference portfolio, the Company enters into portfolio credit default swaps (the “CDSs”) with Cooperatieve Centrale Raiffeisen-Boerenleenbank B.A., trading as Rabobank International (the “Swap Counterparty”, “Calculation Agent” or “Bank”) in an amount equal to the notional amount of the Notes. Pursuant to the CDSs, the Company effectively sells to the Swap Counterparty protection on a reference portfolio. The ultimate repayment of principal of the Notes and returns on investment in the form of interest payments to the Noteholders are linked to the credit worthiness of the reference entities/obligations within the reference portfolio specified in the Swap Agreements. The occurrence of credit events in the reference portfolio may ultimately lead to a reduction in both the principal amount of the Notes and interest payments on the Notes. See note 4(a) for additional information regarding credit risk.

Although the secured creditors of each series of Notes are in general secured pursuant to a Supplemental Trust Deed to certain assets and rights of the Company including Charged Assets and Swap Agreements, the secured creditors of all series of Notes issued by the Company are also secured pursuant to the Master Trust Deed by a floating charge over the assets of the Company not otherwise charged by any other Charging Document.

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company has no employees. The administration of the Company is delegated to MaplesFS Limited. The Company’s registered office is located at Queensgate House, P.O. Box 1093, South Church Street, Grand Cayman KY1-1102, Cayman Islands.

The operations of the Company are conducted primarily in Euro. Consequently the functional and presentation currency of the financial statements is Euro and not the local currency of the Cayman Islands.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Company and are consistent with those used in the previous years, except for changes resulting from amendments to IFRS.

Significant accounting policies and their effect on the financial statements are as follows:

(a) *Basis of preparation*

These financial statements are prepared on a fair value basis for financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Other financial assets and liabilities are stated at amortised cost.

(b) *Use of estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies, the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of income and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Judgements made by management in the application of IFRS that have a significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 11.

(c) *Foreign exchange*

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to Euro at rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting dates. Issued share capital is translated to Euro using historical exchange rates. Income and expense items are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising from such transactions are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) *Financial instruments*

(i) *Classification*

A financial asset is any asset that is cash, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially favourable or an equity instrument of another enterprise. Financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, investments and derivative financial instruments.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset or to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable. Financial liabilities comprise limited recourse notes.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (d) Financial instruments (continued)

##### (i) Classification (continued)

The Company classifies all derivative financial instruments, investments in the Subordinated Notes of Prospero CLO I B.V. and Prospero CLO II B.V., (“Prospero Notes”) and limited recourse notes as financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company classifies cash and cash equivalents at amortised cost.

The Company’s investments include investments in Prospero Notes (note 4(d)(i)). Prospero Notes comprise a debt instrument and a credit derivative in the form of a CDS. The instruments are valued at fair value through profit or loss.

##### (ii) Recognition

The Company recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

##### (iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given for assets and consideration received for liabilities.

Subsequent to initial recognition all financial assets classified as loans and receivables, with exception of those at fair value, are measured at their amortised cost less impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

##### (iv) Fair value measurement principles

The fair value of the Prospero Notes is estimated using quotes obtained from the Bank, which in turn models the pricing taking into account market credit and revaluation spreads, a review of instruments with similar characteristics, consideration of the credit quality of the reference portfolios and any recent transactions.

The fair value of derivatives that are not traded on an exchange are available from the Swap Counterparty and are estimated as the amount that the Company would have to receive or pay to terminate the contract at the reporting dates taking into account current market conditions and the current credit worthiness of the counterparties.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (d) Financial instruments (continued)

##### (iv) Fair value measurement principles (continued)

The fair value of the Notes is estimated using quotes obtained from the Swap Counterparty. The quotes are based on the valuation models used in the calculation of the investments as well as the swap assets.

##### (v) Specific instruments

###### *Cash and cash equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents include balances held in a current account which is considered to be highly liquid with maturities of three months or less.

###### *Investments*

Investments comprise investments in Prospero Notes. Prospero Notes comprise a debt instrument and a credit derivative in the form of a CDS. The instruments are valued at fair value through profit or loss.

###### *Derivative financial instruments*

As part of the Company's investment objective which includes gaining an exposure to credit risks on reference portfolios (see note 4), the Company enters into CDSs, which are recognised on the statement of financial position at fair value. At December 31, 2018 and 2017, there were no derivatives that qualified for hedge accounting.

For each of the Series 05-01 and 06-07 Notes, the Company entered into a Swap agreement with the Swap Counterparty.

The Swap Agreements comprise of two components:

- (1) Swap of initial exchange amount provided by the Company on the effective date for a final exchange amount provided by the Swap Counterparty on the maturity/termination date;
- (2) If applicable, the swap of distributions received from the Prospero Notes and installment amounts calculated in the currency of the investment into the Prospero Notes for the equivalent amounts in the currency denomination of the relevant Notes issued by the Company.

The first component of the Swap Agreements relating to exchange amounts is designed to provide an element of principal protection to the Company's Noteholders on the basis that the Notes and Prospero Notes are held to maturity.

The Swap Agreements are recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018

*(stated in Euro)*

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### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) *Financial instruments (continued)*

(v) *Specific instruments (continued)*

*Limited recourse notes*

The Notes are recorded at fair value through profit or loss in the statement of financial position. Interest on the Notes is recognised as interest expense in the statement of comprehensive income.

(e) *Derecognition*

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, are transferred or are surrendered.

A financial liability, including derivatives, is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

(f) *Offsetting*

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the transactions are intended to be settled on a net basis.

(g) *Impairment*

Financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Given the specific nature of the Company's principal activities, objective evidence of impairment would typically comprise the occurrence of one or more credit events which would lead to a reduction in the carrying value of the investment. Such credit events are recognised in the financial statements as the Cash Settlement Amounts or the Deposit Amount Reductions if (i) a credit event notice is delivered to the Company by the Determination Agent, and (ii) an estimated loss arising from a credit event is higher than various threshold amounts.

(h) *Interest income and expense*

Interest income and expense is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as it accrues.



## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (i) New accounting pronouncements

*Standards and amendments to existing standards effective from January 1, 2018*

There were no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective during 2018 that have a significant impact on the Company except as below:

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement' deals with recognition, derecognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities. Its requirements represent a significant change from the existing requirements in IAS 39 Financial Instruments, 'Recognition and Measurement'. The standard introduces new requirements of classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. Retrospective application is required but comparative information is not compulsory. .

The standard does not have a significant impact on the Company's financial position or performance that the Company will continue to classify its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The following table and the accompanying notes below explain the original measurement categories under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for each class of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 1 January 2018.

Asset and Liabilities	Original classification under IAS 39	New classification under IFRS 9	Amount under IAS 39	Amount under IFRS 9
Cash and cash equivalents	Loan and receivables	Amortised cost	18,115	18,115
Derivative financial Instruments	FVTPL	Mandatory at FVTPL	-	-
Investments	FVTPL	Mandatory at FVTPL	-	-
Limited recourse notes	FVTPL	Mandatory at FVTPL	-	-

*New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not effective for the financial year beginning January 1, 2018 and not early adopted*

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a significant impact on the Company.

## **EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED**

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018

*(stated in Euro)*

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### **3. Cash and cash equivalents**

A current account balance amounting to €18,986 (2017: €18,115) is held at Fidelity Bank (Cayman) Limited.

### **4. Financial instruments and associated risks**

The Company's investment activities expose the Noteholders to various types of risk that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which it invests. The most significant types of financial risk to which the Noteholders are typically exposed include credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. Market risk includes interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk. The nature and extent of the financial instruments outstanding at the reporting dates and the risk management policies employed by the Company are discussed below:

#### *(a) Credit risk*

The most significant risk to the Company and Noteholders is credit risk. The Noteholders are exposed to the credit risk of the reference portfolios specified in each stand-alone or CDS.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 4. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (continued)

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the principal amounts outstanding and scheduled interest payments for the Company's Notes are exposed to the credit risk associated with the asset classes within the reference portfolios referenced to in the underlying CDS contracts.

To appreciate the level of credit risk associated with the relevant CDS contracts, it is necessary to consider various factors including the notional amounts, reference portfolio sizes, potential for correlated credit events within reference portfolios, actual degrees of overlap and threshold amounts (subordination) of the synthetic CDOs, one of the protection asset classes within the CDSs, as well as the notional amount reference portfolio size and threshold amount of the CDS contract as a whole entered into between the Company and the Swap Counterparty.

The CDSs entered into between the Company and the Swap Counterparty and that remain in effect as at December 31, 2018, expose the principal repayment on the Company's Notes to the following credit risk limits:

Series 06-07 Investment of US\$537,000 into Prospero CLO II B.V. Class E-1 Subordinated Notes.

The principal will be repaid in full as long as the aggregate losses as a result of credit events in the reference portfolio remain below the pre-determined threshold limits. Unlike other reference obligations/protection asset classes, losses arising as a result of credit events impacting reference entities within the synthetic CDOs, will not impact upon the threshold capacity of the CDS as a whole unless such losses breach the threshold limits specific to the relevant CDOs.

Taking into account historical data, average recovery rates, threshold limits set and an estimated degree of overlap (number of times on average a reference entity is included in more than one synthetic CDO), at the time of issue, S&P provide a rating for the Notes. The rating is based ultimately on the estimated number of credit events that the reference portfolio can absorb prior to a principal reduction for the Notes, a measure of credit risk associated with each series of Notes.

#### *Credit Events and Concentration risk*

The Noteholders are at risk that payments on the Notes could be adversely affected by credit events in the reference portfolios. This probability is likely to be increased to the extent that the reference entities are concentrated in any one industry, region or country which provides an increased potential for correlated credit events in respect of a single entity, industry, region or country as a result of an economic downturn.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 4. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (continued)

##### *Credit Events and Concentration risk (continued)*

As referred to in detail in the respective Information Memorandums, a credit event applicable to one reference entity may impact more than one synthetic CDO given a degree of overlap (i.e. reference entities may be included in more than one of the synthetic CDO portfolios). The Information Memorandums for each Note series contain estimates of the number of credit events the synthetic CDO portfolio could withstand and the reference portfolios in their entirety before principal repayments are reduced to zero. Such estimates are based on the “Actual Degree of Overlap”, investment grade of reference entities at the date of Note issuance, average recovery rates and historical data all of which are referred to in additional detail in the Information Memorandums.

The Company is required, subject to a specific threshold amount specified in the CDS contracts to compensate the Swap Counterparty for certain credit events occurring in the reference portfolios. These events usually include a failure to pay principal, a failure to pay interest, restructuring of the reference obligation issuer, bankruptcy of the reference obligation issuer, principal write down and in the case of reference obligations comprising CDSs, a notional write down. Credit events will create a loss that will be determined in each case by the Determination Agent (also the Swap Counterparty). The loss will be the difference by which the par value of the reference entity or obligation exceeds its recoverable value or a contractually agreed loss amount.

##### *Counterparty risk*

The Company enters into substantially all of its CDS contracts with the Bank, the primary counterparty to the Company’s transactions. The Company is subject to counterparty credit risk to the extent that this institution may be unable to fulfil its obligations either to return the Company’s securities or repay amounts owed. The Company does not anticipate any material losses as a result of this concentration. CDS contracts contain provisions providing for, amongst other remedies, the replacement of the Bank as the Swap Counterparty if its short-term issuer credit rating by S&P falls below A-1+. The Bank’s short-issuer credit rating was downgraded on November 4, 2014 to A-1 from A-1+. As at March 26, 2019, Deutsche Trustee Company Limited, as Trustee of the Limited Recourse Notes (the “Trustee”), has not replaced the Bank as Swap Counterparty.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 4. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or commodity prices will make an instrument less valuable or more onerous.

Although the majority of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are interest bearing, this risk is minimised by the nearly perfect match (in terms of nominal/notional value, interest amounts and maturity) between the interest bearing assets and liabilities.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk arising from an exposure to an open interest rate gap position and mismatch of fixed and floating interest rate bearing assets and liabilities.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk arising from exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. As at December 31, 2018 and 2017 the Company has issued Notes outstanding denominated in Euro and invested the proceeds in United States Dollar denominated financial instruments. Realised and unrealised foreign currency gains and losses arise on translation of associated transactions to the reporting currency and are recorded in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

There is not, at present, an active and liquid secondary market for the Notes. There can be no assurance that a secondary market for any of the Notes will develop, or, if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the holders of the Notes with liquidity or that it will continue for the entire life of the Notes. This may leave Noteholders with an illiquid investment. The Noteholder may not be able to realise its anticipated yield. Illiquidity can have an adverse effect on the market value of the Notes. Consequently, any purchaser of Notes must be prepared to hold such Notes until final redemption or maturity of the Notes.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 4. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

#### (d) Specific instruments

	Note	2018	2017
<b>Financial assets:</b>			
<i>At fair value through profit or loss:</i>			
Prospero Notes	4(d)(i)	-	-
Derivative financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss:			
Swap agreements	4(d)(ii)	-	-
Total Financial assets		€ -	-
<b>Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:</b>			
Limited recourse notes	5	€ -	-

#### (i) Prospero Notes

The Company held investments in Prospero CLO I B.V. and Prospero CLO II B.V. (“Prospero Notes”), unconsolidated structured entities. Part of the proceeds received from the issuance of the Series 05-01 Notes were used to purchase the Subordinated Notes issued by Prospero CLO I B.V. and part of the proceeds received from the issuance of the Series 06-07 Notes were used to purchase the Subordinated Notes issued by Prospero CLO II B.V. The Prospero structures were initially established for the sole purpose of acquiring assets, entering into hedge agreements, issuing notes and engaging in certain transactions to provide a return to Noteholders. The activities of the Prospero Notes are financed by the issuance of notes. During the 2016 year, the investment in Subordinated Notes of Prospero CLO I B.V. was fully redeemed. As at December 31 2018 the Company held 0% (2017: 0%) of the principal value of Prospero CLO I B.V. and 1.78% (2017: 1.78%) of the principal value of Prospero CLO II B.V. At December 31 2018, the total principal value of the equity tranche of notes issued by Prospero CLO I and CLO II was Nil (2017: Nil) and \$30.2m (2017: \$30.2m) respectively. The maximum exposure to loss is the carrying amount of the financial assets held.

The Company receives distributions and instalments from Prospero Notes as determined by the Calculation Agent. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company recorded income from Prospero Notes of €Nil (2017: €126,764), of which Nil is payable at year end.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 4. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

(d) *Specific instruments (continued)*

(i) *Prospero Notes (continued)*

The following is a summary of the Company's investment in Prospero Notes at December 31, 2018.

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Associated Note Series	Maturity	Rate	Principal Value at Inception	Cash Settlement Amounts	Principal Value at Dec 31, 2018	Fair value at Dec 31, 2018
06-07	25/10/2022	Distribution	3,500,000	(2,963,000)	537,000	-
			US\$3,500,000	(2,963,000)	537,000	-

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The following is a summary of the Company's investment in Prospero Notes at December 31, 2017:

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Associated Note Series	Maturity	Rate	Principal Value at Inception	Cash Settlement Amounts	Principal Value at Dec 31, 2017	Fair value at Dec 31, 2017
06-07	25/10/2022	Distribution	3,500,000	(2,963,000)	537,000	-
			US\$3,500,000	(2,963,000)	537,000	-

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The investment in Prospero CLO II B.V. and corresponding Series 06-07 Notes has been fair valued at nil as at December 31, 2018 and 2017. Management has determined that the likelihood of receiving further cash flows from these financial instruments is remote.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 4. Financial instruments and associated risks (continued)

(d) Specific instruments (continued)

(ii) Derivative financial instruments

The following is a summary of the stand-alone derivative financial instruments at December 31, 2018:

Associated Note/ Derivative Type	Maturity	Initial CDS Notional	Cash Settlement Amounts	Fair value
06-07 Swap agreement	5 to 10 years – asset	n/a	-	-
				€ -

The following is a summary of the stand-alone derivative financial instruments at December 31, 2017:

Associated Note/ Derivative Type	Maturity	Initial CDS Notional	Cash Settlement Amounts	Fair value
06-07 Swap agreement	5 to 10 years – asset	n/a	-	-
				€ -

The income streams in the form of interest earned on the CDS premiums received from the Swap Counterparty have been structured in such a way to ensure that such interests cover/compensate for the interest payments on the Notes and CDS expense payments due to the Swap Counterparty.

In addition to the quarterly payments, the Company is obliged to pay the Swap Counterparty, subject to the relevant threshold limits, a Cash Settlement Amount upon the occurrence of a credit event provided that the conditions of settlement have been satisfied under the terms of each respective CDS contract. During the year ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 no cash settlement amounts were paid.

As described in note 2(d)(v), Swap agreements related to the Series 05-01 and 06-07 Notes are used to facilitate a principal protection for the respective Series Notes in case Prospero Notes are impaired.

Even though Series 05-01 and 06-07 Notes have a principal protection feature in the note structure, the principal protection is not guaranteed to investors under certain scenarios, for example, in case the Notes are redeemed prior to maturity.

The Company receives distributions and instalments from the Swap counterparty as determined by the Calculation Agent.



## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 5. Limited recourse notes

At December 31, 2018 the carrying value of the Notes comprised:

Notes	Maturity	Principal	Cash Settlement Amounts	Premium	Fair Value of the Notes "clean"
Series 06-07	25/10/2022	1	-	-	-
		€ 1	-	-	-

At December 31, 2017 the carrying value of the Notes comprised:

Notes	Maturity	Principal	Cash Settlement Amounts	Premium	Fair Value of the Notes "clean"
Series 06-07	25/10/2022	1	-	-	-
		€ 1	-	-	-

#### (a) Principal of the Notes

The amount of principal that Noteholders shall receive on the maturity date depends in part on whether credit events have occurred in relation to the reference portfolios (note 4(a)) that the Notes are credit linked to. The Notes are not principal protected and investors in the Notes may lose, in part or in whole, amounts invested in the Notes as the result of a credit event occurring with respect to one or more reference entities or obligations within a specified reference portfolio. The principal will be repaid in full as long as the aggregate losses as a result of credit events in the reference portfolio remain below the pre-determined threshold. If cumulative losses in the reference portfolio exceed the threshold of the Notes, repayment will be partial or even zero.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018

*(stated in Euro)*

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### 5. Limited recourse notes (continued)

#### *(a) Principal of the Notes (continued)*

See note 4(a) for further detail regarding the credit risk impacting each series of Notes via the relevant CDS contracts.

The Company invested the principal proceeds from the Notes into the investments as discussed in Note 2(d)(v). Any premium over par received on the issue of specific Note series was paid to the Swap Counterparty as premium for entrance into specific CDSs.

The net gain on revaluation of the Notes of Nil (2017: €135,149) and the fair value of the Notes of Nil (2017: Nil) were estimated using the valuation technique discussed in note 11.

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled earlier, the Company is obliged to redeem the Notes on the scheduled maturity date.

#### *(b) Limited recourse*

All payments to be made by the Company in respect of the Notes and the Swap Agreement will be made only from and to the extent of the sums received or recovered from time to time by or on behalf of the Company in respect of the Charged Assets.

To the extent that such sums are less than the amount which the holders of the Notes and the Swap Counterparty may have expected to receive if paragraph (a) above did not apply (the difference being referred to as a shortfall), such shortfall will be borne by the Note holders and by the Swap Counterparty in accordance with the conditions of the Notes.

Each holder of the Notes, by subscribing for or purchasing such Notes, is deemed to accept and acknowledge that it is fully aware that:

- (i) the holders of the Notes can look solely to the sums referred to in paragraph (a), as applied in accordance with paragraph (b) above, (the “relevant sums”) for payments to be made by the Company in respect of the Notes and the other assets (if any) of the Company will not be available after payments of the relevant sums;
- (ii) the obligations of the Company to make payments in respect of the Notes will be limited to the relevant sums and the holders of the Notes and coupons and the Swap Counterparty shall have no further recourse to the Company in respect of the Notes;
- (iii) any right of the holders of the Notes to claim payment of any amount exceeding the relevant sums shall be automatically extinguished; and
- (iv) the holders of the Notes shall not be able to petition for the winding up of the Company as a consequence of any such shortfall.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

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### 5. Limited recourse notes (continued)

#### (c) Interest on the Notes

The interest terms for the Notes comprise:

Notes	Fixed Interest or Margin rate	Frequency of Interest Payments	Base Rate	Inflation Rate
Series 06-07	n/a	Instalments <sup>(1)</sup>	n/a	n/a

<sup>(1)</sup> The notional of the notes is reduced during the life of the note by instalment amounts, as determined by the Calculation Agent in its sole and absolute discretion equal to the lesser of (i) the principle amount outstanding less EUR 10,000; and (ii) (Distribution Calculation amounts as defined per Swap Agreement)/(1-Notional Zero Coupon Deposit Price) less related Hedge Unwind Costs, provided that in no event shall the instalment amount be less than zero.

The final redemption amount shall be the current nominal amount of the note at maturity date, and will be equal to the sum of all the final exchange amounts paid by the Swap counterparty to the Issuer. The final proceeds from Prospero Notes will be passed to the note holders after conversion into Euro and deduction of all costs, expenses and taxes as determined by the redemption agent.

Interest expense on the Notes for the year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to Nil (2017: €126,764), of which Nil is payable at December 31, 2018 (2017: Nil).

#### (d) Security

Pursuant to a Master Trust Deed Dated December 18, 1998, as amended from time to time, between the Company and the Trustee, and the relevant Supplemental Trust Deeds specific to each series of Notes, the Company has created security interests in favor of the Trustee for its secured creditors. In addition to security in the form of assignment of all of the Company's rights, title and interest to specific Charged Assets and Swap Agreements, the secured creditors are secured pursuant to a floating charge over the assets of the Company not otherwise charged.

### 6. Operating expenses

The Company entered into an Expenses Agreement dated April 30, 1999 with Rabobank International, London branch, whereby any and all operating expenses incurred by the Company are assumed by Rabobank International, London branch.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 7. Interest income and expense

	2018	2017
Interest income		
Interest income on investments	€ -	126,764
Interest expense		
Limited recourse notes	€ -	126,764

### 8. Net gain/(loss) on financial instruments

	2018	2017
<b>Net (loss)/gain on derivative financial instruments:</b>		
Net movement in unrealized (loss)/gain	-	(2,670)
CDS income received	-	126,764
CDS expense received	-	(126,764)
	-	(2,670)
<b>Net gain on limited recourse notes:</b>		
Net realized and movement in unrealized gain on limited recourse notes	-	135,149
<b>Net loss on investments:</b>	-	(132,479)
	€ -	-

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 9. Related party balances and transactions

The following transactions and balances with related parties are disclosed below:

	2018	2017
<b>Statement of financial position:</b>		
Derivative financial instruments – assets	-	-
<b>Statement of comprehensive income:</b>		
Net (loss)/gain on derivative financial instruments	€ -	(2,670)

All related party transactions are with the affiliates of Rabobank International, London branch acting as the Programme sponsor and Swap Counterparty.

Operating expenses, including management fees paid to Directors are paid by Rabobank International, London branch, on behalf of the Company.

The following is a summary of the Bank's principal holding in each note series at December 31, 2018:

Notes	Principal	Principal by the Bank	Percentage holding
Series 06-07	1	-	-

The following is a summary of Rabobank's principal holding in each note series at December 31, 2017:

Notes	Principal	Principal by the Bank	Percentage holding
Series 06-07	1	-	-

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 10. Share capital

		2018	2017
Authorised			
50,000 shares of US\$1 each	US\$	50,000	50,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
1,000 shares	€	962	962

### 11. Fair value information

For certain of the Company's financial assets not carried at fair value including cash and cash equivalents the carrying amount approximates fair value due to the immediate or short term nature of the financial assets.

#### *Estimation of fair values*

The major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments are disclosed in note 2(d)(iv).

The Company uses various methods to estimate fair value of its instruments. Current market conditions have introduced uncertainty into debt security markets with restricted trading and greater price volatility giving rise to difficulties in determining the fair value of the debt instruments held or issued by the Company.

As a consequence of these conditions subsequent to 2008, the markets were less active than historic trends for the type of debt instruments held or issued by the Company. Reduced availability of market data raises significant uncertainties over the counterparty quotes used as fair value estimates for such positions. In such circumstances, IFRS requires appropriate valuation models to be used in order to estimate fair values.

In these circumstances, the Company, upon due advice from the Calculation Agent, is of the view that the most appropriate estimate of the fair value of these debt instruments remains the independent counterparty quotes sourced for these positions. Consequently the Company has opted to use the counterparty quotes provided. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuation and a low level of trading activity in such debt instruments, if any, these counterparty values may differ from the values that would have been used had a more active market for these instruments existed and the differences could be material.

At December 31, 2018 the carrying amounts of limited recourse notes for which fair values were determined directly, in full or in part, by reference to published price quotations amounted to Nil (2017: Nil). The carrying amounts of limited recourse notes for which fair values were determined using valuation techniques or were determined by reference to published price quotations with a limited liquidity amounted to Nil (2017: Nil).

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 11. Fair value information (continued)

#### *Estimation of fair values (continued)*

At December 31, 2018, the carrying amounts of derivative financial instruments for which fair values were determined directly, in full or in part, by reference to published price quotations amounted to Nil (2017: Nil). The carrying amounts of derivative financial instruments for which fair values were determined using valuation techniques or were determined indirectly by reference to published price quotations amounted to Nil (2017: Nil) for assets and Nil (2017: Nil) for liabilities.

The Notes and the CDSs, Swap Agreements and investment in Prospero Notes are fair valued using valuation techniques discussed in note 2(d)(iv) including reference to the current fair values of other comparable instruments (subject to appropriate adjustments). Management deems that this valuation method is more appropriate for the Company than estimating a range of fair values using a proprietary model of the Bank, the Swap Counterparty. Should such an alternative valuation method be used, the fair value estimates of the CDSs, Swap Agreements, investment in Prospero Notes and the Notes could be significantly different to those presented in the financial statements.

At December 31, 2018, the following year end price quote estimates (quoted “clean”) for the Notes were used in determining fair values for the Notes and consequently the CDSs.

Notes	Maturity	Principal	Issue Price	Year End Revaluation Price (“clean” price)	Fair Value of the Notes (“clean” price)
Series 06-07	25/10/2022	1	100.00%	-	-

At December 31, 2017, the following year end price quote estimates (quoted “clean”) for the Notes were used in determining fair values for the Notes and consequently the CDSs.

Notes	Maturity	Principal	Issue Price	Year End Revaluation Price (“clean” price)	Fair Value of the Notes (“clean” price)
Series 06-07	25/10/2022	1	100.00%	-	-

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on market conditions and information about the financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgement and therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 11. Fair value information (continued)

#### *Estimation of fair values (continued)*

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes “observable” requires significant judgment by the Company. The Company considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Company’s financial instruments (by class) measured at fair value at December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	Level 1 €	Level 2 €	Level 3 €	Total €
<b>December 31, 2018</b>				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments - assets	-	-	-	-
Limited recourse notes	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
<b>December 31, 2017</b>				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments - assets	-	-	-	-
Limited recourse notes	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-

There were no transfers during the year ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, between Levels 1, 2 and 3 for the financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.



## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 11. Fair value information (continued)

The movements in the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

<b>Derivative financial instruments:</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
Balance at December 31, 2017	2,670
Change in unrealised gain	(2,670)
Balance at December 31, 2017	-
Change in unrealised loss	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>-</b>

  

<b>Limited recourse notes:</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
Balance at January 1, 2017	(135,149)
Change in unrealised loss	135,149
Balance at December 31, 2017	-
Change in unrealised gain	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>-</b>

  

<b>Investments</b>	<b>Level 3</b>
Balance at January 1, 2017	132,479
Change in unrealised gain	(132,479)
Balance at December 31, 2017	-
Change in unrealised loss	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>-</b>

## EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
(stated in Euro)

### 11. Fair value information (continued)

The table below sets out information about significant unobservable inputs used at December 31, 2018 and 2017 in measuring financial instruments categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Description	Fair value at December 31, 2018 (Assets)	Fair value at December 31, 2018 (Liabilities)	Valuation technique	Unobservable input
Limited recourse notes	-	-	Valuation of underlying Charged Assets.  Valuation from counter party which are based on:  (a) <i>Interest rate risk component:</i> Discounted cash flows model  (b) <i>Credit risk component:</i> Discounted cash flows Comparable pricing	Equity Price Credit Spread Credit Correlation
Investments	-	-	(a) <i>Interest rate risk component:</i> Discounted cash flows model  (b) <i>Credit risk component:</i> Discounted cash flows Comparable pricing	Equity Price Credit Spread Credit Correlation
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	Valuation from counterparty which is based on valuation of investments and notes payables	N.A.

## **EDAM FUNDING ONE LIMITED**

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

December 31, 2018  
*(stated in Euro)*

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### **12. Taxation**

There are no taxes on income or gains in the Cayman Islands and the Company has received an undertaking from the Governor in Cabinet of the Cayman Islands exempting it from all local income, profits and capital taxes until 2019 should such taxes be enacted. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in these financial statements.

### **13. Commitments and contingencies**

Under the terms of an Amended and Restated Put Option Agreement dated February 28, 2003 entered into between, inter alios, the Company and the Dealers, each Dealer has an option at any time to require the Company by notice to the Company to redeem Notes held by such Dealer. Upon receipt of any notice pursuant to the Put Option Agreement, the Company shall promptly, and in any event within three Business Days, give notice of such optional redemption to the Trustee, the Redemption Agent (if applicable), the Swap Counterparty (if any) and the Credit Support Provider (if any). The Redemption Agent shall, if applicable, as soon as reasonably practicable arrange for and administer the sale and/or, as the case may be, delivery of the Charged Assets. Upon any redemption pursuant to the Put Option Agreement, the Charged Agreements will be terminated and the security constituted by the Trust Deed and/or any Charging Document will be released against receipt by or to the order of the Trustee of such Charged Assets and/or the net proceeds of realization of any of such Charged Assets for application by or to the order of the Trustee.

### **14. Subsequent events**

There were no subsequent events requiring disclosure in the financial statements.